

MEDICINE, DOCTOR OF (M.D.)/ BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING, DOCTOR OF (PH.D.) [DUAL DEGREE]

Graduate study in the Department of Biomedical Engineering in the College of Engineering is a highly individualized undertaking and required course work represents only one component. Each student's program is tailored to meet his or her particular interests, with the primary emphasis on developing research skills and the capacity for independent scholarship and with the recognition that career goals for many M.D.-Ph.D. physician-scientists are distinct from those of most Ph.D. trainees.

Program goals

The objectives of this dual degree program are:

- Students in the M.D.-Ph.D. program in biomedical engineering will acquire the foundational skills to allow them, after further clinical specialty and postdoctoral research training, to become independent physician-scientists. Program graduates ultimately pursue careers in academic medicine, biotechnology and pharmaceutical industry, research institutes and government agencies as clinicians, scientists, educators and administrators.
- Students will gain a progressive mastery of concepts in biomedical engineering and related disciplines, an understanding of the current state of research investigations in the field, an ability to synthesize information and apply foundational concepts to identify key areas for innovative investigation and experimentation, and the knowledge to design, execute and interpret experiments, and publish studies that address the questions identified.
- Students will develop skills in various means of communicating core knowledge in the field and the details of experimental design, results and interpretation to a variety of potential audiences.

Among the many benefits offered by participation in the dual-degree program are the following:

- Students will have the foundation and training in biomedical engineering and in medicine to conduct basic and translational research that will enable them to take bedside observations to the bench and the results of bench research to the bedside to advance both the underlying science and patient health.
- Students have the opportunity to participate in clinical research during the M4 year.
- Students with M.D.-Ph.D. training are highly competitive for positions in leading physician-scientist clinical training programs, faculty positions in academic medical centers, and are well-positioned to ultimately take on leadership roles in academic medicine, industry and government.
- Tuition, fees and a stipend are provided throughout both the medical and graduate phases of training.

The diplomas for this dual degree program are awarded simultaneously upon completion of the requirements for both degrees.

Student learning outcomes

The student learning outcomes described on the biomedical engineering Ph.D. program page (<http://bulletin.vcu.edu/graduate/school-engineering/biomedical-engineering/biomedical-engineering-phd/>) also apply to M.D.-Ph.D. students.

Admission requirements

To be considered for the VCU M.D.-Ph.D. program, prospective students must apply to the medical school through the American Medical College Application Service (<https://students-residents.aamc.org/applying-medical-school/applying-medical-school-process/applying-medical-school-amcas/>). Please designate "Combined Graduate/Medical Degree" on your AMCAS application. The deadline for application to the program for admission in the fall semester is listed on the AMCAS web site.

In rare situations when resources allow, students matriculated in the medical school class may be considered for admission to the M.D.-Ph.D. program, usually near the start of the M1 academic year. For additional details, see the M.D.-Ph.D. dual degree opportunities page (<http://bulletin.vcu.edu/professional-studies/medicine/md-phd-opportunities/>).

Degree requirements

The dual degree program is designed to allow students to complete the first two years of medical school and the USMLE Step 1 examination (M1, M2) before undertaking graduate training (G1 and subsequent years). After successfully defending the Ph.D. dissertation, students complete the remaining clinical years (M3, M4) of medical training. Nevertheless, important aspects of dual degree training are integrated across the program. These include M.D.-Ph.D.-specific graduate courses taken during M1 and M2 that supplement the medical curriculum and emphasize research and translational aspects of M.D. course topics and required M3 clinical rotations integrated into the graduate phase. Opportunities for research experience begin prior to entering the graduate phase (pre-matriculation and summers after M1 and M2), when students spend time working in several faculty laboratories of their choice. These laboratory rotations enable students to examine faculty research projects, experimental approaches and laboratory environments, and to select an area for specialization. After completing M2, students are required to take the USMLE Step 1 exam, followed by one or two required M3 clinical rotations lasting six to eight weeks in total. They then transition into graduate studies.

During the first year of graduate training (G1), students take graduate courses selected to optimize their training and devote time to independent research under the guidance of a faculty adviser. During G2 and subsequent years, most effort is devoted to independent research, as part of the course requirements are satisfied by the M1 and M2 M.D. curriculum (see below). On satisfactory completion of course work, students must pass written and oral comprehensive examinations to qualify for degree candidacy. Candidacy examinations for the dual M.D.-Ph.D. are normally completed during G2. Following admission to candidacy, each student must conduct a substantial original research project, prepare a written dissertation, present their work in a seminar and defend it successfully in an oral examination. Department-sponsored seminars and other activities give students opportunities to discuss their research interests with visiting scientists and to present their research both internally and at national professional meetings.

The Ph.D. component of training in biomedical engineering for M.D.-Ph.D. students normally takes a minimum of three years to complete. Courses taken during the M1 and M2 years of medical school satisfy a number of

core course requirements, and additional elective courses are completed in the G1 year. M.D.-Ph.D. students, if eligible under NIH rules, are required to prepare and submit an NIH F30 predoctoral training grant application, which is usually based on the dissertation proposal defended during the comprehensive examinations. Students also are encouraged to submit predoctoral training grant applications to other funding sources. Acceptance of a peer-reviewed first-author (or co-first-author) manuscript in a scientific journal indexed in PubMed or Web of Science that is based on experimental research conducted during Ph.D. training (rather than a review, commentary, case note or similar publication) is required of all M.D.-Ph.D. students prior to returning to the M3 phase of medical school.

In addition to completing VCU School of Medicine requirements for the M.D. degree and the general VCU Graduate School graduation requirements (<http://bulletin.vcu.edu/academic-regs/grad/graduation-info/>), students must complete a minimum of 72 credit hours for the Ph.D., including directed research.

Curriculum requirements for the M.D.

Based on the equivalent knowledge acquired by successfully completing MEDI 100, MEDI 150, MEDI 200 and MEDI 250 during the M1 and M2 years, 16 credits of Ph.D. requirements are satisfied (four credits of EGRB 602 and 12 credits of graduate-level open electives). Courses taken to satisfy Ph.D. requirements do not satisfy M.D. requirements.

Course	Title	Hours
M1 year		
Fall semester (MEDI 100): 20 weeks		
	Orientation to Medical School	
	Practice of Clinical Medical Bootcamp	
	Molecular Basis of Health and Disease	
	Principles of Physiology	
	Principles of Autonomics and Pharmacology	
	Immunity and Infection	
	Foundations of Disease	
	Practice of Clinical Medicine	
	Patient, Physician and Society	
	Population Health and Evidence Based Medicine	
	Ultrasound	
	Diagnostic Reasoning	
Spring semester (MEDI 150): 21 weeks		
	Marrow and Movement	
	Gastrointestinal	
	Endocrine	
	Reproduction	
	Practice of Clinical Medicine	
	Patient, Physician and Society	
	Population Health and Evidence Based Medicine	
	Ultrasound	
	Diagnostic Reasoning	
M2 year		
Fall semester (MEDI 200): 22 weeks		
	Cardiovascular	
	Pulmonary	
	Renal	
	Mind, Brain and Behavior	

	Practice of Clinical Medicine	
	Patient, Physician and Society	
	Population Health and Evidence Based Medicine	
	Ultrasound	
	Diagnostic Reasoning	
Spring semester (MEDI 250): 12 weeks		
	Step 1 Study	
M3 year		
Fall and spring semesters (MEDI 300): 50 weeks		
	M3 Transitions to Clerkships Workshops	
	Internal Medicine Clerkship	
	Surgery Clerkship	
	OB/GYN Clerkship	
	Pediatrics Clerkship	
	Family Medicine Clerkship	
	Neurology Clerkship	
	Psychiatry Clerkship	
	Ambulatory Clerkship	
	Foundational Career Exploratory Elective (FE)	
	Patient, Physician and Society	
	Population Health	
M4 year		
Fall and spring semesters (MEDI 400): 49 weeks		
	Two acting internships, one ward and one critical care (four weeks each)	
	Step 2 Clinical Knowledge and Clinical Skills exams	
	Five specialty electives (four weeks each)	
	Up to five non-clinical electives (four weeks each)	
	Population Health	
	Interprofessional Critical Care Simulations	
	M4 Capstone Course	

Curriculum requirements for the Ph.D.

Based on the equivalent knowledge acquired by successfully completing MEDI 100, MEDI 150, MEDI 200 and MEDI 250 during the M1 and M2 years, 16 credits are satisfied (four credits of EGRB 602 and 12 credits of graduate level open electives). Additionally IBMS 651 taken during M1 satisfies one credit of EGRB 690. Students are required to take additional credits of M.D.-Ph.D.-specific courses listed below.

Course	Title	Hours
Required core courses		
EGRB 601	Numerical Methods and Modeling in Biomedical Engineering	4
EGRB 602	Biomedical Engineering Systems Physiology (satisfied by M1/M2 study)	4
EGRB 605	Grant Writing in Biomedical Engineering	1
EGRB 690	Biomedical Engineering Research Seminar (one-credit course, required each fall and spring semester; one credit satisfied by IBMS 651)	4
Additional required courses		
IBMS 624	Research Reproducibility and Transparency	1

IBMS 651	M.D.-Ph.D. Journal Club (one-credit course, required fall and spring semester of M1; one semester satisfies one credit of EGRB 690)	2
IBMS 652	M.D.-Ph.D. Science and Disease	1
IBMS 653	M.D.-Ph.D. Research Seminar (0.5 credit course, required fall and spring of M1, fall of M2, and during G phase except in semester of defense)	2
IBMS 697	M.D.-Ph.D. Directed Research (three credits taken summers after M1 and M2; satisfies six credits of EGRB 697)	6
OVPR 601 or OVPR 602 or OVPR 603	Scientific Integrity Responsible Scientific Conduct Responsible Conduct of Research	1
STAT 543	Statistical Methods I (or other 500-level STAT)	3
Restricted electives		
Select nine credits from the following or other courses as recommended by the graduate advisory committee and approved by the graduate program director.		9
EGRB 507	Biomedical Electronics and Instrumentation	
EGRB 521	Human Factors Engineering	
EGRB 603	Biomedical Signal Processing	
EGRB 604	Biomechanics	
EGRB 613	Biomaterials	
EGRB 616	Cell Engineering	
Other elective courses		
Select open elective at the graduate level (500 level or above; satisfied by M1/M2 study)		12
Research		
EGRB 697	Directed Research in Biomedical Engineering (variable credit course, required each semester; six credits satisfied by IBMS 697)	27
Total Hours		72

For students entering with a B.S., the minimum number of graduate credit hours required for this degree is 72.

Plan of study timeline

The dual-degree program blends medical and graduate training supplemented with M.D.-Ph.D.-specific course work and opportunities during the medical (M) and graduate (G) phases of the curriculum that culminates in the simultaneous awarding of the M.D. and Ph.D. degrees. The timeline of medical and graduate training is as follows:

Year 1 (M1): Mostly preclinical medical course work, some research

- Preclinical medical courses
- M.D.-Ph.D. Journal Club (two semesters)
- M.D.-Ph.D. Seminar (two semesters)
- Research rotations (and pre-matriculation research opportunity)

Year 2 (M2): Mostly preclinical medical course work, some research and clinical rotation

- Preclinical medical courses
- M.D.-Ph.D. Science and Disease (one semester)
- M.D.-Ph.D. Seminar (one semester)
- Research rotations
- Preparation for USMLE Step 1
- Required M3 clinical rotation(s) (one or two, lasting six to eight weeks total)

Year 3 (G1): Graduate course work and research, some clinical experiences

- Graduate program course work
- M.D.-Ph.D. Seminar (two semesters)
- Directed research (begin dissertation research)
- Opportunities for clinical experience

Years 4-5 (G2-G3) and additional year if needed: Primarily research, some clinical experiences

- Ph.D. Qualifying Examination, admission to candidacy
- Submit NIH F30 fellowship application
- Directed research (completion of dissertation research)
- Graduate program course work
- M.D.-Ph.D. Seminar
- Required M3 ambulatory care rotation
- Publication of peer-reviewed first-author paper
- Dissertation defense

Years 6-7: M3-M4: Completion of clinical training, clinical research experience

- Clinical rotations
- Clinical and non-clinical elective
- Preparation for USMLE Step 2
- M4 Clinical research capstone project

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